



5 (AM) Advanced Mastery 100%
4 (M) Mastery 93%
3 (VM) Vital Mastery 82%
2 (FM) Foundational Mastery 70%
1 (NYM) Not Yet Mastered 45%
0 (NA) No Attempt 0%

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Per: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Pre-Assessment**

IM2 – 1.2 (A – V1 Pre) Rewriting & Solving Rational Exponent & Radical Expressions

**Standards & Skill Mastery**

Student Self-Score	Skills Assessed / Goals	Teacher Score
	N.RN.2 – I can rewrite rational exponents and radicals in equivalent forms, applying the rules of integer exponents.	

**Pre-Assessment Plan**

<p>Check all that apply. To study for this assessment, I will...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> independently, rework this pre-assessment.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> complete all of my practice.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> watch tutorials online.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> study my notes until I understand them.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> work through practice problems &amp; recheck answers.</li> </ul>	<p>To maintain or improve my mastery, I will study by...</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
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**Key Terms, Formulas, & Notes**

Equivalent Expressions  $\equiv$  expressions with equal values

Rational Exponent  $\equiv$  an exponent that is a rational (fractional) number

Roots  $\equiv$  The root of a number x is another number, which when multiplied by itself a given number of times, equals x

To Calculate the nth Root

1. Type the number for n (ex. 3)
2. Press 2nd
3. Press ^
4. Type a (ex. 125)
5. Enter

**Directions - (N.RN.2)** Select an expression that is equivalent to each radical below.

1.  $\sqrt[9]{3^6}$

- a.  $3^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- b.  $3^{\frac{3}{2}}$
- c.  $3^3$
- d.  $3^{15}$

2.  $\sqrt[3]{x^5}$

- a.  $x^{\frac{3}{5}}$
- b.  $x^{15}$
- c.  $x^8$
- d.  $x^{\frac{10}{6}}$

3.  $(2^4)^{\frac{2}{6}}$

- a. 2
- b.  $16^{-4}$
- c.  $(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- d.  $2^{\frac{16}{6}}$

**Directions – (N.RN.2)** Determine whether each expression is equivalent to the following rational expressions.

4. $\sqrt[7]{x^6}$			5. $(2x^3)^{\frac{2}{5}}$		
	Yes	No		Yes	No
$x^{\frac{7}{6}}$			$\sqrt[5]{4x^6}$		
$\sqrt{42x}$			$x^5\sqrt{4}$		
$x^{\frac{6}{7}}$			$\sqrt[5]{2x^6}$		
$(\sqrt[7]{x})^6$			$x^5\sqrt[4]{x}$		
$(x^3)^{\frac{4}{14}}$			$\sqrt[5]{2 \cdot 2 \cdot xxxxxx}$		

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**Directions** – (N.RN.2) Rewrite the following radical expression as a single rational expression (use product rule), then write at least 2 more equivalent forms.

6.  $\sqrt[4]{4^2} \bullet \sqrt[4]{4^3}$

**Directions** – (N.RN.2) Rewrite the following rational exponent as a single radical expression (use quotient rule), then write at least 2 more equivalent forms.

7.  $\frac{16^{\frac{5}{4}}}{16^4}$

**Directions** – (N.RN.2) Simplify the following expression.

8.  $81^{\frac{1}{4}}(\sqrt[4]{81^2} + 81^2)$

**Directions** – (N.RN.2) Error Analysis: Circle the first mistake made in the student's work below. Then, rework the problem in the box below, showing all steps.

9. Given  $x^3 = 25$   
Step 1  $\sqrt[3]{x^3} = \sqrt[3]{25}$   
Step 2  $x = 25^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
Step 3  $x = (5^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
Step 4  $x = \sqrt{5^3}$  Done!